STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO SHEETS 17BP.8.R.131 9

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY RANDOLPH

PROJECT DESCRIPTION REPLACE BRIDGE NO. 750035 ON -L- (SR 1303 /BRANTLEY GORDON RD) OVER TOM'S CREEK

CONTENTS

SHEET NO. **DESCRIPTION** TITLE SHEET 2. 2A LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK) SITE PLAN 3 4-7 BORE LOGS LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

T. MILLER INVESTIGATED BY _S&ME, INC. DRAWN BY C. CHANDLER CHECKED BY K. HILL SUBMITTED BY _L. CAMPOS DATE APRIL 2019

P. PATTON

PERSONNEL



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THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT 1(919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

CENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (INP-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOL THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE OF INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION, THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEM NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED TO THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

- NOTES:

 I. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

 BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.



DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

| PROJECT REPERENCE NO. | SHEET NO. |
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NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS (PAGE 1 OF 2)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | (PA | 4GE | 1 OF 2) | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | SOIL DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | | | | | | GRADATION | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BE PENE ACCORD IS CONSIST | SOIL IS CONSIDERED UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO THE STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO) 7 206, ASTM DISSOL, SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING. CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOSTOUR CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT ACTORS SUCH | | | | | | | | | | | | | WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, VERY STIFF, GRAV, SULTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6 SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GENERAL | | | | AR MA | | | ND A | | | LASS MATERIALS | | | | | MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLASS. GROUP | A-1 | (: | | PASSIN | G =200 | 1) | | | | SSING #200 | , | | GANIC MATER | IALS | MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE. | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLASS. | A-1-a A | 4-1-ь | _ | A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-7-5 A-3 | | | | | | | | | A-6, A-7 | | COMPRESSIBILITY | | | | | | | | | | |
| SYMBOL | 000000 | | | | | | | | 17.1 | | | | | | SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 3! MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 3! - 50 | | | | | | | | | | |
| % PASSING *10 | 50 MX | | | | | | | | | | | RANULAR | SILT- | MUCK. | HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50 PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| *40 *200 | 30 MX 5 | | | 35 MX | 35 MX | 35 MX | 35 MX | 36 MN | 36 MN | 36 MN 36 | | SOILS | CLAY SOILS | PEAT | GRANULAR SILT - CLAY ORGANIC MATERIAL SOLLS SOLLS OTHER MATERIAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| MATERIAL PASSING *40 LL PI | _ 6 MX | , | – NP | | | | 41 MN 11 MN | | | 40 MX 41 | | LITTL | WITH LE OR RATE | HIGHLY | TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10% LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE | | | | | | | | | | |
| GROUP INDEX | 0 | | 0 | - 1 | ø | 4 | MX | 8 MX | 12 MX | 16 MX NO | мх | AMOUN | ITS OF | ORGANIC SOILS | GROUND WATER | | | | | | | | | | |
| USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR MATERIALS | STONE FR GRAVEL. SAND | AND | FINE SAND | | | R CLAY AND SA | | SIL SOI | | CLAYE' SOILS | | ORGANIC SOLES MATTER | | | ✓ WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING ▼ STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS | | | | | | | | | | |
| GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE | | | EXCELL | ENT TO | G00D | | | FAIR TO POOR | | | | FAIR TO POOR | POOR | UNSUITABLE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | F | PIOFA | | | | | | | 6 SUBGROU | | LL - 30 | | | SPRING OR SEEP | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Τ, | | | | | | | STANDAR | | RANC | GE OF UNC | ONFINED | MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| PRIMARY | PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTN CONSIS | | | | | | | PENETF | (N-V | ALUE) | NCE | COMP | RESSIVE S (TONS/F) | | ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) POF ROCK STRUCTURES OF ROCK STRUCTURES | | | | | | | | | | |
| GENERALLY VERY LOOSE | | | | | | | | | 4 T | 0 10 | | | | | SOIL SYMBOL SOUTH TEST BORING SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION | | | | | | | | | | |
| MATERIAL MEDIUM (MON-COHESIVE) VERY DE | | | | | | | | | 30 T | 0 30 0 50 50 | | | N/A | | ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT | | | | | | | | | | |
| CENEDA | VERY SOFT | | | | | | | | | | | | < 0.25 0.25 TO | | — INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY —— CORE BORING SOUNDING ROD | | | | | | | | | | |
| SILT-C | GENERALLY SILT-CLAY | | | | UM S STIFF | | | | 4 T | 0 8 | | | 0.5 TO 1 | 1.0 | TEST BORING WELL TEST BORING WITH CORE | | | | | | | | | | |
| | MATERIAL (COHESIVE) | | | | | IFF | | 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 > 30 | | | | | 2 TO 4 | | →→→→→→ ALLUVIAL SOIL BOUNDARY △ PIEZOMETER → SPT N-VALUE | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | HARD TEX | KTUF | RE O | R GF | | I SIZE | | | 74 | | RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. STD. SI OPENING (M | | ZE | | | 4 4.7 | | 10 2 . 00 | 40 0.42 | ? | | 200 .075 | 270 0 . 053 | | | UNDERCUT UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - UNSUITABLE WASTE ACCEPTABLE, BUT NOT TO BE USED IN THE TOP 3 FEET OF | | | | | | | | | | |
| BOULDE (BLDR. | | | BBLE OB.) | | GRA\ (GR | | | COARS SANI (CSE. S |) | | INE SAND SD.) | | SILT (SL.) | CLAY (CL.) | UNDERCUT ONCERSIFIED EXCHAPTION - UNDERCUT ACCEPTABLE DEGRADABLE ROCK EMBANKMENT OR BACKFILL | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRAIN M | м 30 | 5 | | 75 | | | 2.0 | (COL. C | | Ø.25 | 30.7 | 0.05 | 0.005 | i | ABBRE VIATIONS AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST | | | | | | | | | | |
| SIZE IN | l. 12 | | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT | | | | | | | | | | |
| COL | MOIST | | OIL | | IST | | - <u>С</u> | | | TION C | | | | | CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC 7 _d - DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC | | | | | | | | | | |
| | TERBER | | | | | DE | SCRIP. | TION | | GUIDE F | OR FIE | ELD MOIS | STURE DES | SCRIPTION | OMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSURMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK | | | | | | | | | | |
| LL _ | 1 | מזטמ | - SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUA (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER | | | | | | | | | | | | e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON F - FINE SL SILT SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK | | | | | | | | | | |
| PLASTIC RANGE < (PI) PL | | | LIM | | - WET - (W) | | | | | | | EQUIRES DRYING TO MUM MOISTURE | | | FOSS FOSSLIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAX FRAGS FRAGMENTS W- MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARIN HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | | OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MC | | | | | | OIST - (M) SOLID; AT C | | | | | PTIMUM MC | ISTURE | EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE: | | | | | | | | | | |
| SL | . — sн | AGE L | E LIMIT | | | | | | | | DDITIONAL WATER TO | | | CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \vdash | | | | | | | ΡΙ Δ | STICI | | | J 1140 | O. 11013 | | | X CME-55 X 8' HOLLOW AUGERS CORE SIZE: -H | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | ITY IN | | PI) | | DF | RY STRENC | | CME-550 HARD FACED FINGER BITS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SL | NON PLASTIC 0-5 VERY LOW SLIGHTLY PLASTIC 6-15 SLIGHT | | | | | | | | | | | | VANE SHEAR TEST TUNG,-CARBIDE INSERTS HAND TOOLS: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | MODERATELY PLASTIC 16-25 MEDIUM HIGHLY PLASTIC 26 OR MORE HIGH | | | | | | | | RE | | | | | CASING W/ ADVANCER POST HOLE DIGGER PORTABLE HOIST X TRICONE 2.94 STEEL TEETH HAND AUGER | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | OLOR | | | | | | | TRICONE ATTING CARD | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | ROWN, BLUI | | CORE BIT SOUNDING ROD VANE SHEAR TEST | | | | | | | | | | |
| | MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE. | | | | | | | | | | | CITOL H | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

17BP.8.R.131

2A

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS $(PAGE \ 2 \ OF \ 2)$

ROCK DESCRIPTION HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL. THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK.

ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS: NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES 3 100 BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED. FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT FINE TO COARSE GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE, GNEISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, ETC.

FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.

COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SPT REFUSAL. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED SHELL BEDS, ETC. CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR) COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP) WEATHERING FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. (V SLI.) ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO SLIGHT 1 INCH, OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY, IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. (SLI.) MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK. ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD, SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT SEVERE REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. (SEV.) IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100 BPF ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR VERY SEVERE (V SEV.) VESTIGES OF ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <u>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF</u> ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND COMPLETE SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ROCK HARDNESS CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES VERY HARD SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK. CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED HARD TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS. CAN BE GROOVED OR GOLIGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIEF OR PICK POINT. MEDIUM HARD

CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY B FINGERNAIL.

SOFT

VERY

WIDE

FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING TERM TERM THICKNESS SPACING VERY WIDE MORE THAN 10 FEET 3 TO 10 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET 1.5 - 4 FEET 0.16 - 1.5 FEET THINLY BEDDED
VERY THINLY BEDDED
THICKLY LAMINATED MODERATELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET CLOSE VERY CLOSE 0.03 - 0.16 FEET 0.008 - 0.03 FEET LESS THAN 0.16 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET

INDURATION

FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC. RUBBING WITH FINGER EREES NUMEROUS GRAINS. GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER. MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE: INDURATED DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER. SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE: EXTREMELY INDURATED SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.

TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.

ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.

ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND

CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE.

CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK.

DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.

 $\underline{\text{DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH)}}$ - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.

FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.

FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.

 $\frac{\text{FLOAT}}{\text{PARENT}} - \text{ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.}$

FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.

JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.

 $\underline{\text{LEDGE}}$ - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.

LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS.

MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE.

PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVINING STRATIM AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.

RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.

ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

<u>SAPROLITE (SAP.)</u> - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.

<u>SILL</u> - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.

SLICKENSIDE - I - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT

STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB, HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER, SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.

STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.

TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.

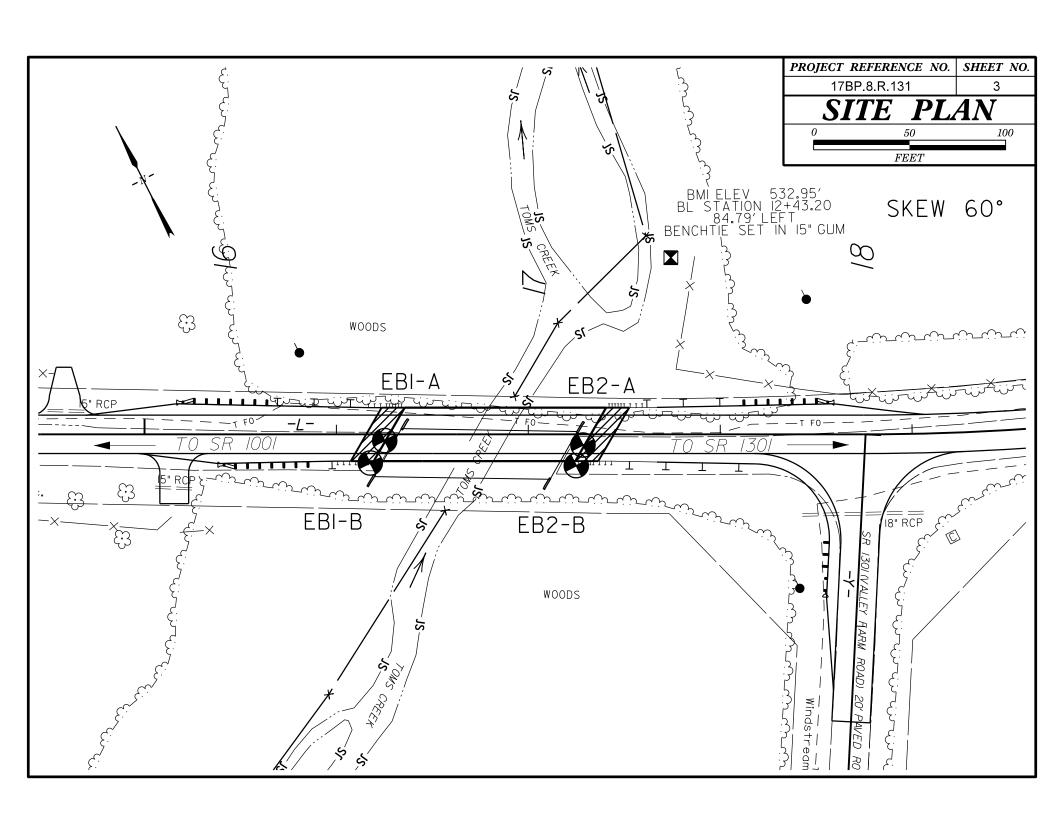
BENCH MARK: BM#I BENCHTIE SET IN 15" GUM, STA. 12+43.2 -L-, 84.79' LT N 687464, E 1688047

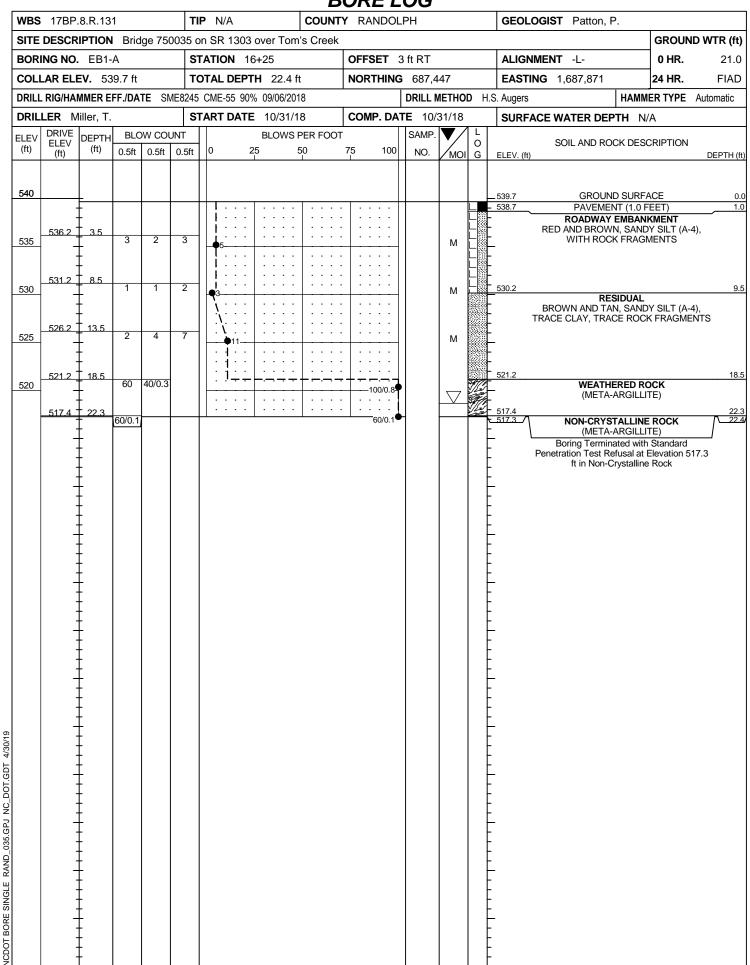
FIAD: FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING

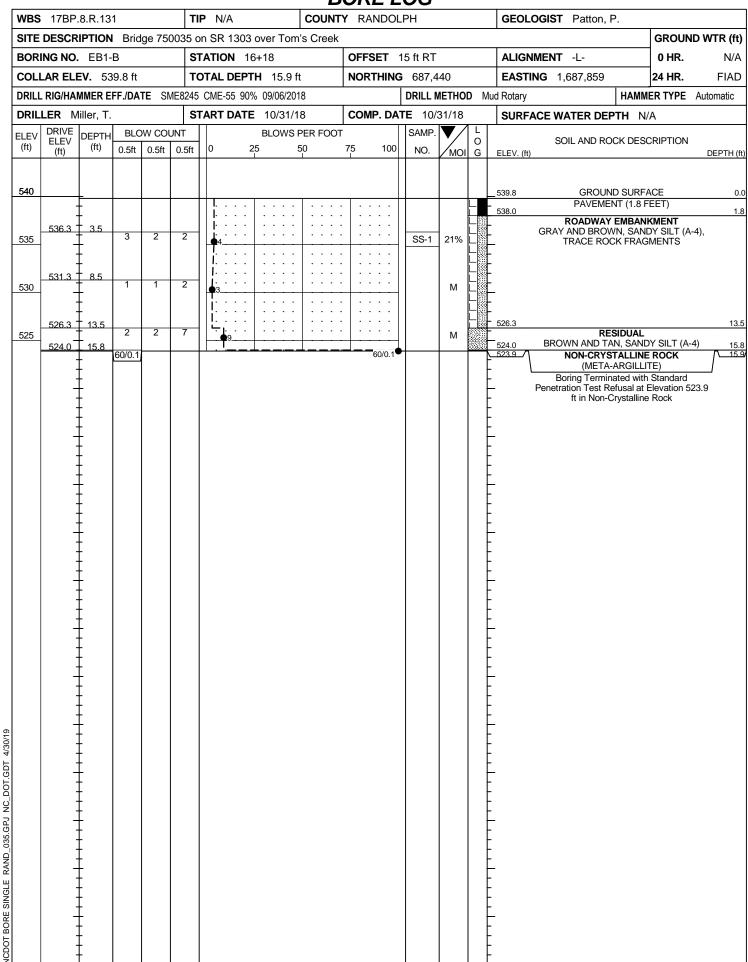
DATE: 8-15-14

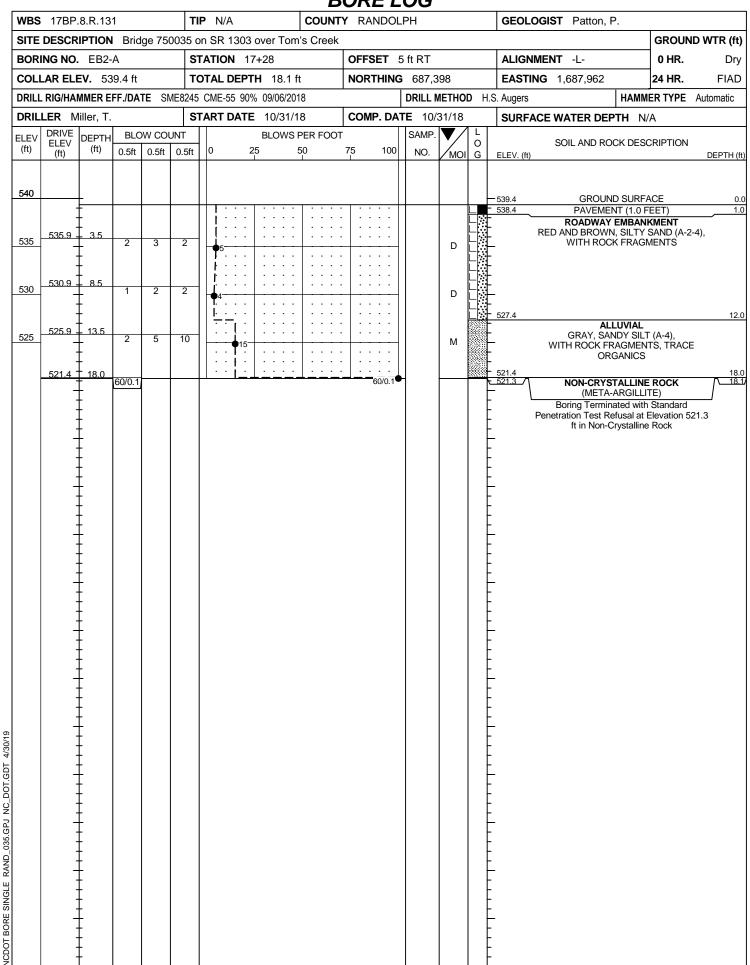
FEET

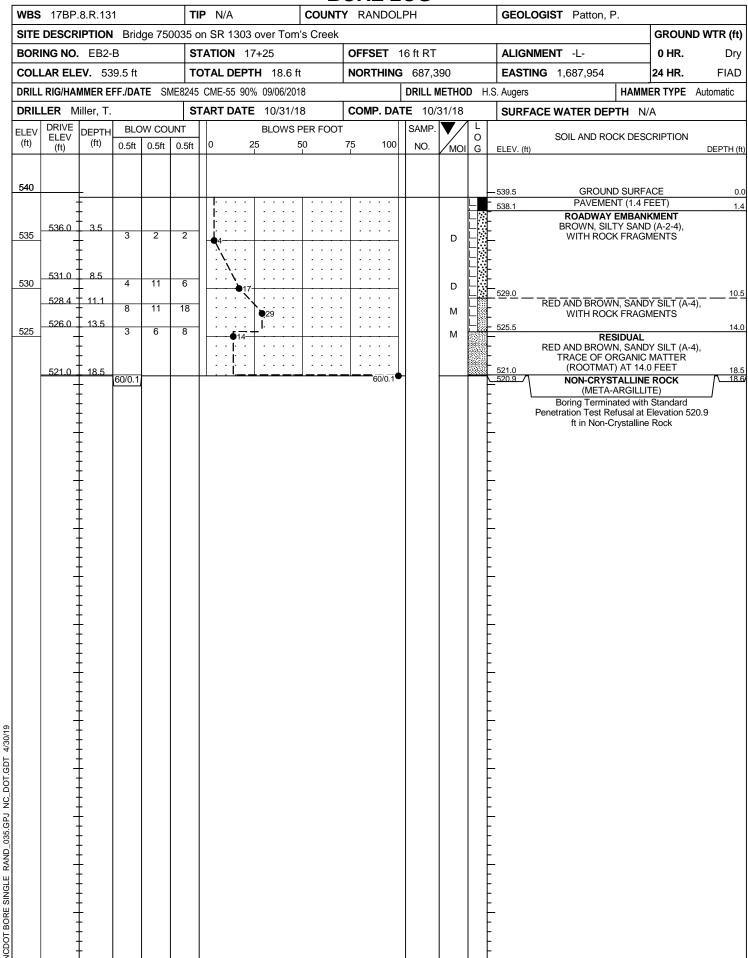
ELEVATION: 532.95











SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TEST DATA



Soil Classification and Gradation

| | | | | | S&ME, | Inc. Ch | arlotte, | 9751 So | uthern F | Pine Blvc | l,Charlott | te NC, 2 | 8273 | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|----------------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------------|-----------|-------|--|--|
| S&ME Pi | oject #: | | | 6235-18-01 | 11 | | | | | | | | | Date Report: | | | | 12/8/2018 | | | |
| State Pro | ject No.: | | | N/A | | | County: Randolph | | | | | | | Date | Tested: | | 11/16-12/8/18 | | | | |
| Federal I | D No.: | | | N/A | | | WBS No.: 17BP.8.R.131 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Project N | lame: | | | Bridge 750 | 035 on S | R 1303 | over To | m's Cre | ek | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Client Na | ame: | | | CH Engine | ering | | | Client Address: 3220 Glen Royal Road, Raleigh, NC 27617 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | #: | | ınt | Sample | AASH | OTF | | Total % | Passing | | Total | l Mortar | Fraction | า (%) | | | | Organic | | | |
| Sample | on . | it | ı ı ı | Depth | Classific | cation | | Siev | ve # | | Coarse | Fine | | | LL | PL | PI | Content | Moist | | |
| No. | Station #: | Offset | Alignment | (ft) | | | 10 | 40 | 60 200 | | Sand | Sand | Silt | Clay | | | | % | % | | |
| SS-1 | 16+18 | 15 RT | -L- | 3.5 - 5 | A-4 | (1) | 66 | 57 | 55 | 51.0 | 16 | 9 | 35 | 40 | 30 | 23 | 7 | ND | 20.6 | | |
| | | | | | | () | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | ND=Not De | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | • | Soils as Modi | • | | | | | | 789: Det | - | | | | | | C. II. | | | |
| | | _ | | imit & Plasti oils and Soil A | - | | | aburar C | ~ ~ ~ + * · · ~ + : | | O T265: La | aborator | y Determ | ination c | of Moisti | ire Con | tent of | Soils | | | |
| AASHTO | W145. THE | Classilica | tion of 30 | ons and son A | Aggregate | VIIXLUI | es ioi ni | griway C | onstructi | on Purpo | ises | | | | | | | | | | |
| Karen Warner $\%$ | | | | | | | | aren M. Warner #118-06-030 | | | | Luis Campos | | | | | Project Manager | | | | |
| Technician Name: | | | | | | | | e | | tification # Technical Resp | | | | <u> </u> | | | | Position | | | |
| | | | | Thi | s report sh | all not be | e reprodu | ced, excep | t in full, w | ithout the | written ap | proval of | S&ME, Inc | | | | | | | | |